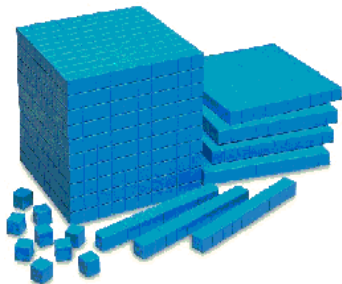


Yr 5 Addition

Column addition (with numbers with more than 4 digits) and decimals to 2 decimal places

- Add numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers

(Use place value counters or Dienes to make each number)



Eg 4500 plus 1050 (Vary the addition language used in the questions)

- Using rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy

Eg $2593 + 6278$ must be more than $2500 + 6200$

- Solving multi-step problems involving addition within contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

3 245 people attended a concert on Wednesday and 4 723 on Thursday. The organisers wanted 10 000 people to attend in total. How many people need to attend on Friday to meet this target?

Provide calculations such as $23\,456 + 46\,019$ and ask children to think of a practical situation relating to this

Children to apply and explain what they have learnt by completing this Mastery Map:

Mastery Map	
<p>Write a calculation based on what you've learnt:</p>	<p>Draw a diagram/ use equipment to show your understanding of the problem</p>
<p>Objective:</p>	
<p>Solve a worded problem or write your own story or worded problem</p>	<p>Where else would you see this problem in real life or other areas of maths?</p>
<p>Prior AFL:</p>	

Yr5 Subtraction

Y5

Subtraction involving Th, H, T, O and use of number lines (including decimals also)

A Toyota car costs £6 495 and Gina has saved £4 890 towards the cost of the car so far. How much more does Gina need to save?

Progression of money related questions (exchange H, T and O) and use of noughts in amounts:

A. $\begin{array}{r} \cancel{£ 45.12} \cancel{8}^1 5 \\ - \quad \underline{£ 2.87} \\ \hline \quad \underline{£ 2.48} \end{array}$

B. $\begin{array}{r} \cancel{£ 37} \cancel{8}^1 0 \\ - \quad \underline{£ 1.39} \\ \hline \quad \underline{£ 2.41} \end{array}$

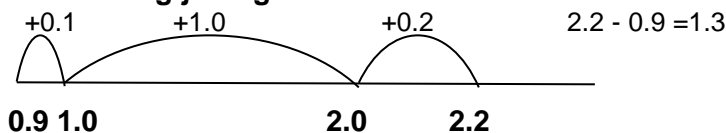
C. $\begin{array}{r} \cancel{£ 34.10}^9 0 \\ - \quad \underline{£ 1.35} \\ \hline \quad \underline{£ 2.65} \end{array}$

D. $\begin{array}{r} \cancel{£ 78} \cancel{1}^0 8 \\ - \quad \underline{£ 2.71} \\ \hline \quad \underline{£ 5.37} \end{array}$

Use overlapping Numicon to help children understand the subtraction of decimals

The Numicon 1 piece represents 0.1
e.g. 2.2 - 0.9

Show using jottings on a decimal number line:



Children to apply and explain what they have learnt by completing this Mastery Map:

Mastery Map

Write a calculation based on what you've learnt:

Draw a diagram/ use equipment to show your understanding of the problem

Objective:

Solve a worded problem or write your own story or worded problem

Where else would you see this problem in real life or other areas of maths?

Prior AFL:

Yr5 Multiplication

- Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- Grid Method TO x TO leading onto long multiplication

Discuss with children how to move from the expanded to the formal written method of column multiplication (Show NCETM video)

X	20	3	= 920	OR	800	+ 21	120	= 1081
40	800	120			140		120	
7	140	21			<u>161</u>		<u>21</u>	
					<u>1081</u>		<u>1081</u>	

HTO
47
<u>X 23</u>
1 ² 41 +
¹ 9 40
<u>1 0 81</u>

- HTO x O

X	100	20	5
7	700	140	35

Ext: Using digits 2,3,4,5 What different products can you make?

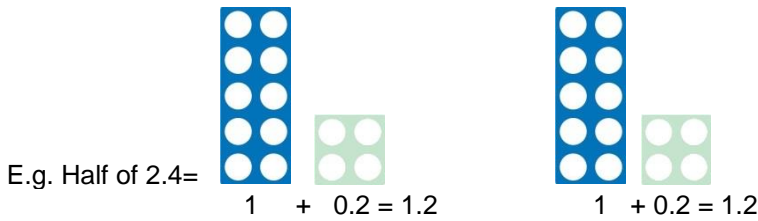
Children to apply and explain what they have learnt by completing the Mastery Map

Mastery Map	
Write a calculation based on what you've learnt:	Draw a diagram/ use equipment to show your understanding of the problem
Objective:	
Solve a worded problem or write your own story or worded problem	Where else would you see this problem in real life or other areas of maths?
Prior AFL:	

Yr5 Division

- **Halve any number including decimals to one decimal place**

Use Numicon to demonstrate (where a Numicon 1 piece represents 0.1)



- **Divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts e.g. $78 \div 6$**

- **Consolidate short division of up to 4 digit numbers divided by 1 digit numbers**

Make sense of remainders in division problems according to the context of the problem

- Teach the vocabulary dividend \div divisor = quotient

- **Continue to practise chunking**

Grid of "chunks" above can help

1	2	5	10	20	50	100
13	26		130	260		1300

2. $4 \overline{) 96}$

$$\begin{array}{r} -80 \\ \hline 16 \\ -16 \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} (20 \times 4) \\ (4 \times 4) \end{array}$$

Answer = 24

3. **Extend to** $13 \overline{) 793}$

$$\begin{array}{r} -650 \\ \hline 143 \\ -130 \\ \hline 13 \\ \underline{13} \quad (1 \times 13) \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} (50 \times 13) \\ (10 \times 13) \\ (1 \times 13) \end{array}$$

Answer = 61

Extend to include remainders

- **Solve real-life problems involving division**

Discuss which is an appropriate strategy to solve calculations based upon the numbers involved (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method)

e.g. One length of a swimming pool is 25 metres. How many lengths are there in a 150 metre race?

750 ml of water is shared equally between 5 glasses. How much water is there in each glass?

Children to apply and explain what they have learnt by completing the Mastery Map

Mastery Map	
Write a calculation based on what you've learnt:	Draw a diagram/use equipment to show your understanding of the problem
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Solve a worded problem or write your own story or worded problem	Where else would you see this problem in real life or other areas of maths?
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